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As the Information committee of the Firat region we have been gathering data and individual experiences about the injuries and losses women have suffered due to attacks of the Turkish state and its Jihadist proxies. Many women have been physically injured and their children killed. There are also many women who went through miscarriages and lost their child before birth. For that reason we visited a maternity hospital in Kobane and interviewed the head of the women's wards in the Kobane hospital, doctor Nasan Ehmed.



**Doctor: Nasan Ehmed Ehmed**

**Mother's name: Nazi**

**Date and place of birth: Kobane 05.04.1974**

During the interview the doctor expressed that during the attacks of the Turkish State, particularly in October and November, there were many cases of premature births and uterine bleeding, including women whose pregnancies terminated due to the tearing of the uterus. We investigated those cases and discovered they were caused by having to leave the area they lived in, in other words by forced migration. These cases were also impacted by the psychological damage and fear caused by the attacks of the Turkish state, and the dangerous conditions and loss of peace and security they caused.

The bombing was carried out randomly and without any consideration for civilians, and as people lives were being targeted, the fear spread among them. This was also the reason that people left their houses in search for more secure locations. People experienced killing, kidnapping and plundering in all areas but especially in Girê Spî and Serê Kaniyê. In these two cities many war crimes and crimes against humanity were perpetrated..

These events especially negatively influenced pregnant women. Many pregnant women lost their children due to psychological trauma, and many others got uterine bleeding which had put their health in danger. There were women who were able to reach the hospital and who were helped, but there were also women who unfortunately lost their children. These cases have been recognized by

doctors and substantiated by written reports. According to our statistics the numbers are the following:

3 cases of placenta dilation  
1 case of uterine tearing  
49 cases of miscarriage or premature births.

As those responsible for health of Firat region we are working in the civil arena, rescuing and treating civilians. We demand that international civil and human rights organizations fulfill their duties and protect civil society, implementing international laws and protecting women and children, especially in those regions in conflict.

We also demand that the nation states which bear the responsibility to resolve the Syrian chaos intervene and end this war. This war has already lasted for several years and many civilians have become victims or have experienced violence and many other problems, and have been forced to migrate from their homes. These states must pressurise the Syrian State to find a political and diplomatic solution to establish peace in the region.

**Women Defend Rojava Information committee**  
**KONGRA STAR DIPLOMACY**

**ROJAVA KURDISTAN**

**14.01.2020**